

Simonside Primary School Progression of map and geographical enquiry skills.

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Geographical enquiry	Teacher led	Children encouraged	Begin to	Ask and respond to	Begin to suggest	Suggest
	enquiries, to ask and	to ask simple	ask/initiate	questions and	questions for	questions for
	respond to simple	geographical	geographical	offer their own	investigating.	investigating.
	closed questions.	questions; Where is	questions.	ideas.		
		it? What's it like?			Begin to use	Use primary and
	Use information		Use non-fiction	Extend to satellite	primary and	secondary
	books/pictures as	Use non-fiction	books, stories,	images, aerial	secondary	sources of
	sources of	books, stories, maps,	atlases,	photographs.	sources of	evidence in their
	information.	pictures/photos and	pictures/photos		evidence in their	investigations.
		internet as sources	and internet as	Investigate places	investigations.	
	Investigate their	of information.	sources of	and themes at		Investigate places
	surroundings.		information.	more than one	Investigate	with more
		Investigate their		scale.	places with more	emphasis on the
	Make observations	surroundings.	Investigate places		emphasis on the	larger scale;
	about where things		and themes at	Collect and record	larger scale;	contrasting and
	are e.g. within school	Make appropriate	more than one	evidence with	contrasting and	distant places.
	or immediate local	observations about	scale.	some aid.	distant places.	
	area.	why things happen.				Collect and
			Begin to collect	Analyse evidence	Collect and	record evidence
		Make simple	and record	and draw	record evidence	unaided.
		comparisons	evidence.	conclusions e.g.	unaided.	
		between features of		make comparisons		Analyse evidence
		different places.	Analyse evidence	between locations	Analyse evidence	and draw
			and begin to draw	photos/pictures/	and draw	conclusions e.g.
			conclusions e.g.	maps	conclusions e.g.	from field work
			make comparisons		compare	data on land use
			between two		historical maps of	comparing land
			locations using		varying scales	use/temperature,
			photos/ pictures,		e.g. temperature	look at patterns
			temperatures in		of various	and explain
			different locations.		locations -	reasons behind it



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* Balance 2 P					influence on people/everyday life.	
Direction/Location	Follow directions (Up, down, left/right, forwards/backwards) Begin to introduce NESW.	Use 4 compass points North, South, East and West.	Confidently use N, S, E, W to follow and give directions. Begin to use 4 figure grid references.	4 figure grid references on a range of maps. Begin to use 8 compass points.	Use 8 compass points. Use 6 figure grid references to interpret OS maps.	Use 8 compass points confidently and accurately. Use 6 figure coordinates confidently to interpret OS maps. Use latitude and
						longitude on atlas maps.
Drawing maps/representation.	Draw simple aerial maps and plans and begin to explore the use of symbols/	Using a key to draw class agreed symbols to make a simple key and draw on map correctly.	Begin to recognise and use simple symbols and draw these on an aerial map to identify land use.	Identify OS symbols and draw sketch maps.	Begin to draw own detailed sketch maps, create own key and simple OS symbols to represent physical features.	Accurately draw own detailed sketch maps, create own key and simple OS symbols to represent physical features.
Using maps	Use simple maps of local area. Label simple key features.	Use world maps to identify oceans and continents. Identifying the equator, northern	Use more detailed of local city and more detailed map of the UK.	Use atlases to find countries around Europe using the index. Identify lines of latitude on world map.	Use topographical maps to identify physical features, biomes and populations	Use a variety of maps sich as land use map, population density map, relief map to



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		and southern hemisphere.			maps in order to reason.	analyse and draw conclusions from.
Scale/distance	Use relative vocabulary (e.g. bigger/smaller, like/dislike)	Begin to spatially match places (e.g. recognise UK on a small scale and larger scale map)	Begin to match boundaries (E.g. find same boundary of a country on different scale maps).	Begin to match boundaries (E.g. find same boundary of a county on different scale maps).	Measure straight line distance on a plan. Find/recognise places on maps of different scales. (E.g. river Nile).	Use a scale to measure distances. Draw/use maps and plans at a range of scales.