

## Design and Technology Progression



Skills	KS1	LKS2	UKS2
Food	• Cut, peel or grate ingredients safely and hygienically.	• Prepare ingredients hygienically using appropriate utensils.	• Understand the importance of correct storage and handling of ingredients (using knowledge of micro-organisms).
	• Measure or weigh using measuring cups or electronic scales.	• Measure ingredients to the nearest gram accurately.	<ul> <li>Measure accurately and calculate ratios</li> </ul>
	Assemble or cook ingredients.	• Follow a recipe.	of ingredients to scale up or down from a recipe.
		• Assemble or cook ingredients (controlling the temperature of the oven or hob, if cooking).	• Demonstrate a range of baking and cooking techniques.
			<ul> <li>Create and refine recipes, including ingredients, methods, cooking times and temperatures.</li> </ul>
Materials	<ul> <li>Cut materials safely using tools provided.</li> <li>Measure and mark out to the</li> </ul>	• Cut materials accurately and safely by selecting appropriate tools.	• Cut materials with precision and refine the finish with appropriate tools (such as sanding wood after cutting or a more precise scissor cut after roughly cutting out a
Ž	nearest centimetre.	• Measure and mark out to the nearest millimetre.	shape).
	• Demonstrate a range of cutting and shaping techniques (such as tearing, cutting, folding and curling).	• Apply appropriate cutting and shaping techniques that include cuts within the perimeter of the material (such as slots or cut outs).	• Show an understanding of the qualities of materials to choose appropriate tools to cut and shape (such as the nature of fabric may require sharper scissors than would be used to cut paper).
	• Demonstrate a range of joining techniques (such as gluing, hinges or combining materials to strengthen).	<ul> <li>Select appropriate joining techniques.</li> </ul>	
Textiles	Shape textiles using templates.	Understand the need for a seam allowance.	• Create objects (such as a cushion) that employ a seam allowance.
Tey	• Join textiles using running stitch.	• Join textiles with appropriate stitching.	
		• Select the most appropriate techniques to decorate textiles.	

	<ul> <li>Colour and decorate textiles using a number of techniques (such as dyeing, adding sequins or printing).</li> <li>Diagnose faults in battery operated</li> </ul>	Create series and parallel circuits	<ul> <li>Join textiles with a combination of stitching techniques (such as back stitch for seams and running stitch to attach decoration).</li> <li>Use the qualities of materials to create suitable visual and tactile effects in the decoration of textiles (such as a soft decoration for comfort on a cushion).</li> <li>Create circuits using electronics kits that employ a</li> </ul>
Electrical s and electronic s	devices (such as low battery, water damage or battery terminal damage).	• Create series and parallel circuits	number of components (such as LEDs, resistors, transistors and chips).
Computin g	<ul> <li>Model designs using software.</li> </ul>	• Control and monitor models using software designed for this purpose.	• Write code to control and monitor models or products.
Construct ion	<ul> <li>Use materials to practise drilling, screwing, gluing and nailing materials to make and strengthen products.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Choose suitable techniques to construct products or to repair items.</li> <li>Strengthen materials using suitable techniques.</li> </ul>	• Develop a range of practical skills to create products (such as cutting, drilling and screwing, nailing, gluing, filing and sanding).
Mechanic s	<ul> <li>Create products using levers, wheels and winding mechanisms.</li> </ul>	• Use scientific knowledge of the transference of forces to choose appropriate mechanisms for a product (such as levers, winding mechanisms, pulleys and gears).	<ul> <li>Convert rotary motion to linear using cams.</li> <li>Use innovative combinations of electronics (or computing) and mechanics in product designs.</li> </ul>
Design, make, evaluate and improve	<ul> <li>Design products that have a clear purpose and an intended user.</li> <li>Make products, refining the design as work progresses.</li> <li>Use software to design.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Design with purpose by identifying opportunities to design.</li> <li>Make products by working efficiently (such as by carefully selecting materials).</li> <li>Refine work and techniques as work progresses, continually evaluating the product design.</li> <li>Use software to design and represent product designs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Design with the user in mind, motivated by the service a product will offer (rather than simply for profit).</li> <li>Make products through stages of prototypes, making continual refinements.</li> <li>Ensure products have a high quality finish, using art skills where appropriate.</li> </ul>

			<ul> <li>Use prototypes, cross-sectional diagrams and computer aided designs to represent designs.</li> </ul>
ory ory	• Explore objects and designs to identify	• Identify some of the great designers in all of the areas	Combine elements of design from a range
in from ughout history	likes and dislikes of the designs.	of study (including pioneers in horticultural techniques) to generate ideas for designs.	of inspirational designers throughout history, giving reasons for choices.
inspiration sign throu, h	<ul> <li>Suggest improvements to existing designs.</li> </ul>		
spira gn t		<ul> <li>Improve upon existing designs, giving reasons for</li> </ul>	Create innovative designs that improve upon existing
(D)	• Explore how products have been created.	choices.	products.
Take		• Disassemble products to understand how they work.	<ul> <li>Evaluate the design of products so as to suggest</li> </ul>
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